The City of Raleigh Debt Program—a representative look at North Carolina local government debt policies and procedures

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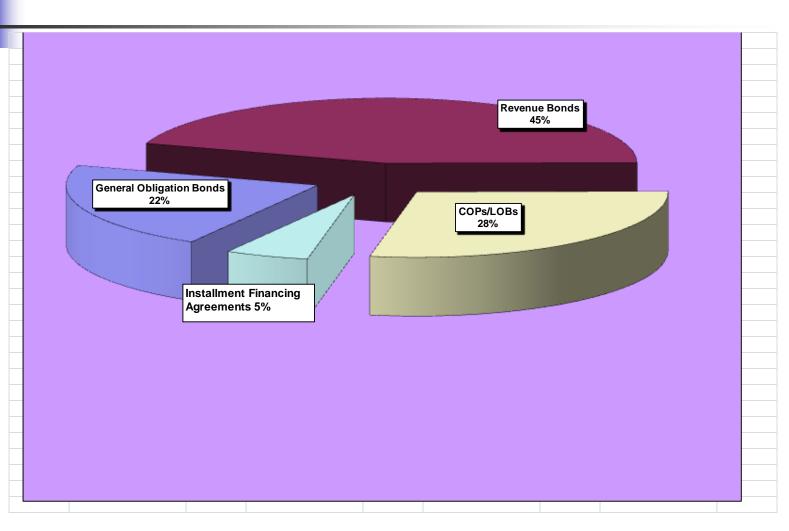
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Objectives

- Provide overview of City of Raleigh's current debt composition and management of key debt measures
- Describe criteria for financing projects and how the nature of the projects is matched up with debt instruments
- Identify the review processes that debt issuance decisions go through
- Comment on the special role of the Local Government Commission in North Carolina
- Summarize major points

City of Raleigh Debt Portfolio 06-30-13



Key Debt Program Objectives

#1 Debt Should Be Moderate in Both the Amounts and the Annual Impact on Budget

- Only 10% of General Fund's budget is for debt service
- City has issued only 21% of the debt that state statute allows
- 70% of City's debt is paid for by Other than general government resources
 - Water/sewer bills
 - Parking fees
 - Occupancy and Prepared Food Taxes

#2 Debt Process Must Include Significant Public Exposure and Approvals

- Over 73% of general governmental debt was voter approved
- All issues involve broad review and/or approval by City management, City Council, the Local Government Commission and national rating agencies and often involve media reporting and required public hearings

#3 Debt Should Be Highly Rated To Provide Lowest Costs

- General debt is rated Aaa/AAA/AAA
- Water and sewer debt is rated AA1/AAA/AAA
- Parking debt: AA category
- Convention Center debt: AA2/AA+/AA



How do we select projects for debt issuance?

- Debt plans are linked to the adoption of the 10-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) and are only for <u>capital</u> needs
- CIP includes capital facility projects of at least \$25,000 lasting over 10 years
- City's 5-year CIP funding plan requires only 43% debt financing with rest funded as Pay-Go resources and miscellaneous income

How do projects match up with type of debt instruments used?

- 4 types of debt:
 - General Obligation (GO)
 - Utility Revenue Bonds
 - COP's/LOB's
 - Installment Financing Agreements

- GO issues used for broad general government types of projects where the City's full faith and credit guarantee is appropriate to support the debt
 - Parks and Recreation
 - Streets
 - Housing
- <u>Utility Revenue bonds</u> used for water and sewer capital needs and allow for responsible compliance with complex laws and regulations
 - Revenue bond issue often includes 80 or more separate projects

(cont.)



 <u>COP's/LOB's</u> are used for financing facilities like parking decks, the convention center with its regional needs or general infrastructure investments that have a direct collateralization nature for the debt issued

- Often part of Enterprise operations such as convention center and parking
- Often involve more complex financings and debt structures
- Installment Financing Agreements (IFA's) are used for financing budgeted items like a land acquisition which can be time sensitive, or for other miscellaneous items with nontraditional terms

What is our review process for debt issuances?

Processes vary by type of debt but generally have common components:

- Administrative review of projects and City's debt model impacts
- Budgetary processes related to the CIP
- Multiple City Council approval actions
- Certain statutorily required public hearings
- Application to and Review by Local Government Commission
- Frequent media press releases
- Extensive deliberations involving financing team, including City's bond counsel and financial advisor, underwriter and counsel, and LGC staff
- Review by all 3 national credit rating firms

How is the Public Involved?

- Very transparent steps in the review process
- Council input from citizens
- Formal public hearings
- Press releases and media coverage
- Posting on City's website of proposed capital plans
- Documentation of all stages of consideration in public documents
- Detailed debt information published in City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
- New document: Citizen's Financial Report



- Is a fundamental and valuable part of the financial integrity that North Carolina debt issues have
- The review by LGC staff ensures necessary compliance with law and meeting of "necessary" and "reasonableness" criteria
- Commission approvals provide proof to the market that NC issues are solid and will be paid back
- Rating agencies factor in strength of the LGC oversight role in their reviews

Summary Points

- Local Government Bond Issues in North Carolina are Characterized By:
 - Moderate Amounts, Extensively Reviewed/Approved Processes and Effective Results
 - Strong professional management that matches up the capital needs to the most effective debt option
 - Very competent financial teams participate
 - Extremely transparent processes with high levels of public knowledge and representation
 - Valuable oversight and approvals by the LGC
- National Markets Give Us the Feedback on How Strong They Consider North Carolina Debt Programs by:
 - Lowest interest rates
 - High credit ratings
 - Best access to financial markets